

Retirement Plan Reporting and Disclosure Requirements

IRS

Administrators or sponsors of retirement plans are generally required by law to report certain information with the IRS, the Department of Labor, and the Pension Benefit Guarantee Corporation, and disclosure to affected parties depending on the plans' type, size, and circumstances.

This Reporting and Disclosure Guide for Employee Benefit Plans was prepared by the IRS as a quick reference tool for certain basic reporting and disclosure requirements for retirement plans under the Internal Revenue Code and provisions of Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA) administered by the IRS. The Guide is not intended to be an exhaustive list of possible civil penalties and other consequences for reporting and disclosure violations. The Department of Labor and the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation reviewed the parts of the Guide that concerns provisions the agencies jointly administer. This Guide should be used in conjunction with the DOL Retirement Plan Reporting and Disclosure Guide at_www.dol.gov/ebsa/pdf/rdguide.pdf and DOL's www.dol.gov/ebsa/pdf/troubleshootersguide.pdf.

Please be sure to check for current laws and regulations on other DOL reporting and disclosure provisions on EBSA's website at www.dol.gov/ebsa.

Document	Type of Information	To Whom	When		
Annual Reports to the IRS	Annual Reports to the IRS				
Form 5500, Annual Return/ Report of Employee Benefit Plan	To provide information on plan's qualification, financial condition and operation of the plan. IRC Sections 6058(a), 6057(b), ERISA Sections 104, 4065; Treasury Regulations sections 301.6058-1, 301.6057-2, DOL Regulations Section 2520.104. DOL EBSA: Forms and Filing Instructions DOL Form 5500 and 5500-SF Troubleshooter's Guide Form 5500 Corner	DOL, IRS and PBGC Must be filed electronically through <u>EFAST2</u> system.	 Last day of the 7th calendar month after the end of the plan year (July 31 for calendar-year plans). Extensions: request by filing Form 5558 with IRS or by automatic extension by extending corporate tax return with IRS. 		
Form 5500-SF, Short Form Annual Return/Report of Small Employee Benefit Plan	Simplified annual reporting form 5500 for use by certain small pension and welfare benefit plans with fewer than 100 participants and certain other requirements. See <u>instructions</u> for details on which plan sponsors are eligible.	DOL, IRS and PBGC Must be filed electronically through <u>EFAST2</u> system.	Same as Form 5500		
Form 5500-EZ, Annual Return of One-Participant (Owners and Their Spouses) Retirement Plan	Annual return used by one-participant plans and certain foreign plans. IRC Section 6058(a) See <u>instructions</u> for details on which plan sponsors are eligible.	IRS Form 5500-EZ must be submitted on paper and mailed to IRS. May file Form 5500-SF electronically under EFAST2 system to satisfy their filing obligations under Code Filers who are required to file at least 250 returns with the IRS during the calendar year must file Form 5500-SF electronically through EFAST2 system.	Same as Form 5500		

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Annual Zone Status Certification	Plan actuary certifies whether or not the plan is in endangered status for the plan year, or would be in endangered status for such plan year; whether or not the plan is or will be in critical status for the plan year or for any of the succeeding 5 plan years; whether or not the plan is or will be in critical and declining status for such plan year; when a plan has adopted a funding improvement plan or rehabilitation plan (if applicable), and whether or not the plan is making the scheduled progress in meeting the requirements of its funding improvement or rehabilitation plan. IRC Section 432(b)(3) See <u>EPCU Multiemployer Actuarial Certification</u>	IRS Plan sponsor	No later than the 90th day of each plan year.
Form 8955-SSA, Annual Registration Statement Identifying Separated Participants with Deferred Vested Benefits	To report information about separated participants who have deferred vested benefits in the plan. IRC Section 6057(a) <u>Announcement 2011-21</u> <u>Form 8955-SSA Instructions</u> <u>Form 8955-SSA Resources</u>	IRS File electronically through the IRS FIRE system or on paper. Filers who are required to file at least 250 returns with the IRS during the calendar year must file electronically through the FIRE system.	 Last day of 7th calendar month after the end of plan year (July 31 for calendar-year plans). Extensions: request by filing Form 5558 with IRS or by automatic extension by extending corporate tax return with IRS.
Form 5558, Application for Extension of Time to File Certain Employee Plan Returns	 To request a one-time extension of time to file Form 5500, 5500-SF or 5500-EZ; Form 8955-SSA or Form 5330. Any tax due must be paid with this application for an extension of time to file Form 5330 extension. Form 5558 instructions 	IRS Submit a separate Form 5558 for each plan.	 File Form 5558 on or before the return/report's normal due date. The normal due date is the date the Form 5500, Form 5500-SF, Form 5500-EZ, and/or Form 8955-SSA would otherwise be due, without extension. An extension of time to file Form 5500 Series and/or Form 8955-SSA, and an extension of time to file Form 5330 must be submitted on separate Form 5558. To request Form 5330 extensions, file Form 5558 in sufficient time for the IRS to consider and act on it before the normal due date.

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<u>1099-R</u> , Distributions from Pensions, Annuities, Retirement or Profit- Sharing Plans, IRAs, Insurance Contracts, etc.	To report distributions of \$10 or more from most retirement plans, IRAs, annuities, pensions, insurance contracts, survivor income benefit plans, permanent and total disability payments under life insurance contracts, charitable gift , annuities,etc. To report death benefit payments not made as part of a retirement plan and reportable disability payments made from a retirement plan, and FATCA reporting to satisfy its reporting requirement under Treas. Reg. 1.1471-4(d)(5)(i)(B) and 1.1471-4(d)(2)(iii)(A). IRC Section 6047(d) <u>1099-R Instructions</u>	IRS and individual receiving the distribution (the payee)	 To payee – by January 31 To IRS – by February 28 (paper) or March 31 (electronic)
1098-Q Qualifying Longevity Annuity Contract Information	To report the status of Qualifying Longevity Annuity Contracts (QLAC) held by defined contribution plans, IRAs, and eligible governmental plans, to IRS and participants, including Issuer's Name, Address, Telephone Number, and Federal Identification Number Boxes, Account Number, Plan Number, Name of Plan, and Employer Identification Number; Annuity Amount on Start Date; Annuity Start Date; Total Premiums; FMV of QLAC; and the amount of each premium paid for the contract and the date of the premium payment. <u>Treasury. Regulations. §1.6047-2</u> Information relating to qualifying longevity annuity contracts. <u>1098-Q Instructions</u>	IRS and individual who purchased the contract.	For each calendar year beginning with the year in which the premiums for a contract are first paid and ending with the earlier of the year in which the individual in whose name the contract has been purchased reaches age 85 or dies. If the individual dies and the sole beneficiary under the contract is the individual's spouse, then file Form 1098-Q and provide a statement annually to the spouse until the year in which the distributions to the spouse.begin or the year in which the spouse dies, if earlier.
Annual Notices to Participant	S		
Individual statement to separated participants with deferred vested retirement benefits	A plan administrator required to file Form 8955-SSA must furnish to each affected participant an individual statement about the information reported on the form. IRC Section 6057(e); Treasury Regulations Section 301.6057-1; ERISA Section 105(c) Form 8955-SSA Resources	Separated participants with deferred vested retirement benefits under the plan	No later than Form 8955-SSA filing due date

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Notice of effective opportunity to make or change cash or deferred election	To advise employees of the opportunity to make or change a salary deferral election. IRC 408(p)(5)(C), 401(k)(11)(B)(iii), Treasury Regulations Sections 1.401(k)-1(e)(2)(ii) and 1.403(b)- 5(b)(2)	Plan participants	 Within a reasonable period of time before the 60th day before the beginning of each year For new participants, the 60th day before the first day the employee is eligible
401(k) safe harbor notice	 Sufficiently accurate and comprehensive to inform the employee of the employee's rights and obligations under the plan, including: the safe harbor matching or nonelective contributions formula used in the plan; any other contributions under the plan; the plan to which the safe harbor contributions are made, if more than one plan; the type and amount of compensation that may be deferred under the plan; how to make salary deferral elections; the periods available under the plan for making salary deferral elections; withdrawal and vesting provisions for plan contributions; and how to easily obtain additional information about the plan (including a copy of the summary plan description) IRC Section 401(k)(12)(D); Treasury Regulations Section 1.401(k)-3(d) See When the Plan is Intended to be a Safe Harbor 401(k) or 401(m) Plan; Fixing Common Plan Mistakes Failure to Provide a Safe Harbor 401(k) Plan Notice. 	Eligible employees	 30 to 90 days before the beginning of each plan year For new participants, generally no earlier than 90 days before the employee becomes eligible and no later than the eligibility date

Document	Type of Information	To Whom	When
SIMPLE IRA election notice	To provide notice of employee's right to make or modify salary reduction contributions, and to receive employer contributions, and choose a financial institution, if applicable. Includes a summary plan description. Describes any reduced matching or nonelective contributions. Page 3 of Forms 5304-SIMPLE and 5305-SIMPLE contain a "Model Notification to Eligible Employees" IRS Notice 98-4 See <u>Operating a SIMPLE IRA Plan; Fix-It Guide-</u> <u>SIMPLE IRA plan notification requirements weren't</u> followed	Employees eligible to participate in the SIMPLE IRA plan	Immediately before the 60-day election period before January 1 of each year
Qualified automatic contribution arrangement (QACA) notice	 Sufficiently accurate and comprehensive to inform the employee of the employee's rights and obligations, including: the plan's default percentage rate for automatic enrollment contributions, including the amount and timing of any increases; the type and amount of the employer contributions; the right to not participate; how to elect to contribute an amount different from the plan's default percentage rate for automatic enrollment contributions; how to elect to contribute an amount different from the plan's default percentage rate for automatic enrollment contributions; how to make an investment election, if permitted by the plan; and if the QACA contains two or more investment options, how automatic enrollment contributions will be invested in the absence of an employee's investment election IRC Section 401(k)(13)(E); Treasury Regulations Section 1.401(k)-3(k)(4); IRS model notice 	Eligible employees	 30 to 90 days before the beginning of each plan year For new participants, by date reasonably in advance of date to decline participation, but not more than 90 days in advance

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Eligible automatic contribution arrangement (EACA) notice	 Sufficiently accurate and comprehensive to inform the employee of the employee's rights and obligations, including:the plan default percentage rate for automatic enrollment contributions; the right to not participate; how to elect to contribute an amount different from the plan default percentage rate for automatic enrollment contributions; how to elect to contribute an amount different from the plan default percentage rate for automatic enrollment contributions; how to make an investment election, if permitted by the plan; how automatic enrollment contributions will be invested in the absence of an employee's investment election, if the plan permits employees to elect investments; and if allowed by the plan, how and when to withdraw from eligible automatic t contribution arrangements. IRC Section 414(w)(4); Treasury Regulations Section 1.414(w)-1(b)(3) IRS model notice may also be used to satisfy DOL notice requirements for qualified default investment alternatives 	All employees to be automatically enrolled	 30 to 90 days before the beginning of each plan year For new participants, by date reasonably in advance of date to decline participation, but not more than 90 days in advance

Document	Type of Information	To Whom	When			
Occasional Reporting to the I	Occasional Reporting to the IRS Based on Plan Events					
Form 5330, Return of Excise Taxes Related to Employee Benefit Plans	 To report excise taxes on: prohibited tax shelter transactions (Section 4965(a)(2)) minimum funding deficiencies (4971(a) and (b)) failures to pay liquidity shortfall (4971(f)) failures to comply with a funding improvement or rehabilitation plan (4971(g)(2)) failures to meet requirements for plans in endangered or critical status (4971(g)(3)) failures to adopt a rehabilitation plan (4971(g)(4)) nondeductible contributions to qualified plans (4972) excess contributions to a Section 403(b)(7)(A) custodial account (4973(a)(3)) prohibited transactions (4975) disqualified benefits provided by funded welfare plans (4976) excess fringe benefits (4977) certain employee stock ownership plan dispositions (4978) excess contributions to plans with cash or deferred arrangements (4979) certain prohibited allocations of qualified securities by an ESOP (4979A) reversions of qualified plan assets to employers (4980) failure of an applicable plan reducing future benefit accruals to satisfy notice requirements (4980F) Form 5330 instructions 	IRS	 15th day of the 5th month following the close of the entity manager's tax year in which the tax-exempt entity becomes a party to the transaction for prohibited tax shelter transactions (Section 4965) Later of 7 months after the end of the employer's tax year or 8½ months after the end of the plan year (Sections 4971, 4971(f), 4971(g)(2), 4971(g)(3), 4971(g)(4)) Last day of the 7th month after the end of the tax year of the employer or other person who must file the return (Sections 4972, 4973(a)(3), 4975, 4976, 4978, 4979A) Last day of the 7th month after the end of the tax year in which excess fringe benefits were paid (Section 4977) Last day of the 15th month after the close of the plan year to which CODA excess amounts relate (Section 4979) Last day of month following the month in which the reversion or failure to satisfy notice occurs (Sections 4980, 4980F) Can request 6-month extension if Form 5558 is filed by the regular due date and taxes paid 			
Form 5310-A, Notice of Plan Merger or Consolidation, Spinoff, or Transfer of Plan Assets or Liabilities; Notice of Qualified Separate Lines of Business	To provide notice of a plan merger or consolidation into a single plan, a spinoff into two or more plans, or a transfer of assets or liabilities to another plan, or it elects to be treated as operating as a qualified separate line of business (QSLOB) or that it modifies or revokes a previously filed notice IRC Section 6058(b) <u>Form 5310-A instructions</u>	IRS	 At least 30 days before a plan merger, consolidation, spinoff or transfer of assets or liabilities to another plan For QSLOB election notice, or modifying or revoking a previously filed notice by the later of: October 15 of the year following the testing year, or 15th day of the 10th month after the end of the plan year of the employer plan that begins earliest in the testing year 			

Document	Type of Information	To Whom	When
8886-T, Disclosure by Tax-Exempt Entity Regarding Prohibited Tax	To disclose information about each prohibited tax shelter transaction to which the entity is a party	IRS	Entity facilitating a transaction: May 15 following the calendar year the transaction was entered into
Shelter Transaction	IRC Section 6033(a)(2); Temporary Regulations Section 1.6033-5T Form 8886-T Instructions		Entity seeking to reduce its own tax liability: on or before the due date of the first tax return on which the entity reported reduced employment, excise or unrelated business income taxes as a result of the
			tax shelter
<u>Form 5308</u> , Request for Change in Plan/Trust Year	To request approval to change the plan/trust year of the retirement plan. Certain changes are granted automatic approval	IRS	By the last day of the end of the short period required to make the change
	IRC Section 412(d)(1), Revenue Procedure 87-27		
Occasional Notices to Partici	pants Based on Plan Events		
Interested party notice	 To provide individuals: with notice that the plan sponsor will file an application for a determination letter; a description of the interested parties receiving the notice and employee eligible to participate under the plan; plan, plan administrator and plan sponsor information; whether the IRS has issued other determination letters to the plan; a statement that an interested party may submit or request that DOL or PBGC submits a comment on whether then plan meets the qualification requirements; the dates by which a comment must be made; the number of interested parties needed for DOL to comment; and a description of how interested parties can request additional information IRC Section 7476(b)(2); Treasury Regulations Sections 1.7476-1 and 601.201(o); Revenue Procedure 2014-6 (includes a model notice) (updated annually) When a plan sponsor submits an application 	Participants, beneficiaries, and alternate payees	Between 10 to 24 days before submitting a determination letter application

Document	Type of Information	To Whom	When
Funding-related benefit limitations in single-employer defined benefit plans notice	To provide information of benefit restrictions for single- employer defined benefit plans based on plan's funding level, which is measured by the plan's AFTAP, depend on a IRC Section 436; Treasury Regulations Section 1.436- 1; ERISA Sections 101(j) and 206(g), Notice sample at <u>IRS Notice 2012-46</u> ; <u>Notice Requirements for Benefit Restrictions in Single Employer Defined Benefit Plans</u>	Participants and beneficiaries	 Within 30 days after the date: the plan becomes subject to a limitation on unpredictable contingent event benefits the plan becomes subject to a limitation on prohibited payments benefit accruals under the plan are required to have ceased

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Notice of proposed suspension for multiemployer pension plan in critical and declining status	 To provide information of benefit suspension, including: An individualized estimate, on an annual or monthly basis, of the suspension on participant or beneficiary. If it is not possible to provide an individualized estimate, such as in the case of a suspension that affects the payment of any future cost-of-living adjustment, provide a narrative description of the effect of the suspension; A statement that the plan sponsor has determined that the plan will become insolvent unless the proposed suspension (and, if applicable, the proposed partition) takes effect, and the year in which insolvency is projected to occur without a suspension of benefits (and, if applicable, a proposed partition); A statement that insolvency of the plan could result in benefits lower than benefits paid under the proposed suspension and a description of the proposed suspension and a description of the different categories or groups affected by the suspension, how those categories or groups are defined, and the formula that is used to calculate the amount of the proposed suspension for individuals in each category or group; A description of the effect of the proposed suspension on the plan's projected insolvency; A description of whether the suspension will remain in effect indefinitely or will expire by its own terms; and A statement describing the right to vote on the suspension application. IRC 432(2)(9)(F) Treasury Regulations (T.D. 9765): Suspension of Benefits under the Multiemployer Pension Reform Act of 2014. Treasury Regulations (T.D. 9765): Additional Limitation on Suspension of Benefits Applicable to Certain Pension Plans Under the Multiemployer Pension Reform Act of 2014. 	Participants, beneficiaries, alternate payees, contributing employers, and employee organization	Simultaneously or on the same day with the submission of its application for approval to the Secretary of the Treasury for benefit suspensions, but no earlier than four business days before the submission.

Retirement Plan Reporting and Disclosure Requirements

401(k) safe harbor discontinuance notice	To notify participants of the consequences of an amendment during a plan year that reduces or suspends safe harbor matching contributions on future elective contributions, nonelective contributions, and, if applicable, employee contributions IRC Sections 401(k)(12) and (13); Treasury Regulation Section 1.401(k)-3(g); Treasury Regulations T.D. 9641	Eligible employees	 30 days prior to the effective date of the plan amendment
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Document	Type of Information	To Whom	When
Updated Notice for Mid-Year Changes to Safe Harbor Plans or Safe Harbor Notices	Provide an updated safe harbor notice that describes the mid-year change and its effective date. If the change involves content that is not required to be in a safe harbor notice, an updated notice is not required. <u>Notice 2016-16</u> , 2016-17 I.R.B. 318, See <u>Mid-year Changes to Safe Harbor 401(k) Plans and</u> <u>Notices</u>	Eligible employees	 30 days (and not more than 90 days) before the effective date of the change
Notice of funding waiver application	To provide notice that the employer will apply to the IRS for a waiver of the minimum funding standard IRC Section 412(c)(6); <u>Revenue Procedure 2004-15</u> (includes model notice)	 Participants and beneficiaries Alternate payees Employee organizations PBGC 	Within 14 days before the date the application is filed with the IRS
Notice of amendments significantly reducing the rate of future benefit accruals	To provide notice of plan amendments that significantly reduce future benefit accruals or that eliminate or significantly reduce an early retirement benefit or retirement-type subsidy IRC Section 4980F; Treasury Regulations Section 54.4980F-1; ERISA Section 204(h)	 Plan participants Beneficiaries Alternate payees Employee organizations Contributing employers 	 Generally, at least 45 days before the effective date of the amendment 15 days for small plans, multiemployer plans and amendments connected to mergers and acquisitions
Notice of reduction in adjustable benefits for multiemployer plans in critical status	To provide affected parties with enough information to understand the effect of any reduction on their benefits including an estimate of any affected adjustable benefit that a participant or beneficiary would otherwise have been eligible for as of the general effective date of the reduction, and information as to the rights and remedies as well as how to contact the Department of Labor for further information and assistance where appropriate. IRC Section 432(e)(8)(C); ERISA Section 305(e)(8)(C)	 Plan participants and beneficiaries Contributing employers Employee organizations 	At least 30 days before the general effective date of the reduction
Notice of transfer of excess pension assets to retiree health benefit or life insurance account	To provide notice of transfer of defined benefit plan excess assets to retiree health benefits or life insurance account IRC Sections 401(h) and 420; ERISA Sections 101(e)(1) and (e)(2) <u>Participant Notices – When Excess Pension Assets are</u> to be Transferred	 Employer gives notice to DOL, IRS,Employee organizations, and administrator Plan administrator notifies participants and beneficiaries Must be available for inspection in the plan administrator's principal office 	At least 60 days before the transfer

Document	Type of Information	To Whom	When
Notice of endangered or critical status for multiemployer plans	To provide notice that multiemployer plan is or will be in endangered or critical status for a plan year. If in critical status, notice explains possibility that adjustable benefits may be reduced. IRC Section 432(b)(3)(D); Proposed Treasury Regulations Section 1.432(b)-1(e); <u>model notice</u> ; ERISA Section 305(b)(3)(D)	 Participants and beneficiaries Employee organizations, PBGC DOL 	No later than 30 days after date of actuarial certification of endangered or critical status
Notice of request for extension of amortization period for multiemployer plans	To advise affected parties that an application for an extension of the amortization period is being filed with the IRS IRC Section 431(d); <u>Revenue Procedure 2010-52</u> (includes model notice); ERISA Section 304(d)	 Plan participants and beneficiaries Alternate payees PBGC Contributing employers Employee organizations, 	Up to 14 days prior to the date of the application
Notice of election to remain under prior vesting schedule	To advise participants who had at least three years of service that they may choose to remain under a prior vesting schedule after a plan amendment changing any vesting schedule under the plan IRC Section 411(a)(10); Treasury Regulations Section 1.411(a)-8(b)	Plan participants with 3 or more years of service	 Within 60 days after the later of the date: the plan amendment is adopted, the plan amendment is effective, or the participant receives written notice of the plan amendment
Occasional Notices to Participants B	ased on Participant Events		
Eligible r rollover distribution notice (Section 402(f) notice)	To provide a written explanation to any recipients of eligible rollover distributions from an employer plan the direct rollover rules, the mandatory income tax withholding rules for distributions not directly rolled over, the tax treatment of distributions not rolled over, and when distributions may be subject to different restrictions and tax consequences after being rolled over. IRC Sections 402(f); Treasury Regulations Section 1.402(f)-1; <u>Notice 2015-54</u> , <u>Notice 2009-68</u> (includes model notice) See <u>Participant Notices - Distributions</u>	Participants and beneficiaries who receive an eligible rollover distribution	 : Between 30 and 180 days before date of distribution (or first payment in a series)

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Explanation of income tax withholding requirements	To inform payees of their right to not have Federal income tax withheld from their distributions. IRC Section 3405; Treasury Regulations Sections 335.3405-1 and -1T, and 31.3405(c)-1;	Participants and beneficiaries who receive a distribution	 Periodic payments: no earlier than 6 months before first payment and no later than when making first payment; thereafter, once each calendar year Nonperiodic payment: no earlier than 6 months before the first distribution and not later than the time that will give the payee reasonable ti to not elect to have withholding apply and to reply to the payor with the election information.
Explanation of automatic rollover	To provide notice (either separately or as part of a Section 402(f) notice) to individuals receiving a plan payment that, absent an affirmative election, the payment will automatically be rolled over to an IRA. The notice must identify the trustee or issuer of the IRA IRC Section 401(a)(31)(B) and <u>Notice 2005-5</u>	Participants and beneficiaries who receive an eligible rollover distribution	Same as rollover notice
Consent to distribution explanation	To obtain participant's consent to a distribution greater than \$5,000, inform participant of optional forms of benefit, the right to defer the distributions, s and consequences of failing to defer the start of benefits to the extent permitted IRC Section 411(a)(11); Treasury Regulations Sections 1.411(a)-11 and 1.401(a)-20; Proposed Treasury Regulation Section 1.411(a)-11(c)(2); ERISA Section 203(e)	Participants receiving a distribution or loan exceeding \$5,000	30 to 180 days before the distribution date/date of plan loan
Notice of right to diversify investments in employer securities	To provide applicable individuals with the right to divest employer securities in their accounts and reinvest those amounts in certain diversified investments. IRC Section 401(a)(35); IRS <u>Notice 2006-107</u> (includes <u>model</u> <u>notice</u>); ERISA Sections 101(m) and 204(j)	 Participants, alternate payees 	No later than 30 days before the first date on which the individuals are eligible to exercise their right to diversify

Document	Type of Information	To Whom	When
Domestic relations order and qualified domestic relations order notices	To notify the participant and alternate payee of the receipt of a domestic relations order, and the plan's procedures for determining the qualified status of the domestic relations order, within a reasonable time after receipt of the order, the determination of whether the order is a QDRO shall also be notified. IRC Sections 401(a)(13(B), 414(p)(6)((A); ERISA Section 206(d)(3); Notice 97-11 (model notice) See Participant Notices - U.S. Court Orders that May Affect Benefits	Participants and alternate payees named in a domestic relations order	 Upon receipt - Receipt of the domestic relations order and the plan procedures for determining its qualified status Within a reasonable period of time - Notice on whether the order is a qualified domestic relations order
Qualified joint and survivor annuity explanation	To inform participants the right to receive a QJSA or other optional forms of benefits, the option of selecting alternate beneficiaries, and the spousal consent requirements. A written explanation specifies the terms and conditions of the QJSA, the participant's right to make, and the effect of, an election to waive the QJSA, the participant's spouse's rights, and the right of the participant to make, and the effect of a revocation of an election. IRC Sections 401(a)(11) and 417(a)(3); Treasury Regulations Sections 1.417(a)(3)-1 and 1.417(e)- 1(b)(3); ERISA Section 205(c) See <u>Participant Notices – Qualified Joint and Survivor Annuity (QJSA)</u> <u>Fixing Common Plan Mistakes – Failure to Obtain Spousal Consent</u>	Participants	30 to 180 days before the annuity starting date
Qualified preretirement survivor annuity explanation	To provide participants with the terms and conditions of the QPSA, the participant's right to make, and the effect of, an election to waive the QPSA, the participant's spouse's rights and the right to make, and the effect of a revocation of a QPSA election. Not required if plan fully subsidizes QPSA and doesn't allow a participant to waive it or to select a non-spouse beneficiary IRC Sections 401(a)(11) and 417(a)(3); Treasury Regulations Sections 1.401(a)-20, 1.417(a)(3)-1 and 1.417(e)-1(b)(3); ERISA Section 205(c) See <u>Participant Notices – Qualified Preretirement</u> <u>Survivor Annuity (QPSA)</u>	Participants not yet in pay status	 Generally, within the period beginning with the first day of the plan year in which participan) attains age 32 and ending with the close of the plan year preceding the plan year in which the participant attains age 35. If hired after age 35, one year after individual becomes a participant

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Notice of suspension of benefit upon reemployment of retiree	To inform a participant why benefit payments are being suspended and to provide a description and copy of the plan provisions on the suspension, a statement that the DOL regulations can be found at CFR 2530.203-3, and the plan procedures for requesting a review of the suspension IRC Section 411(a)(3)(B), 29 CFR 2530.203-3(b)(4) See <u>Suspension of Benefits Notice</u>	Plan participant who is reemployed after retirement	During the first calendar month or payroll period in which the plan withholds payments